1	Secretary of Education Miguel Cardona U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue SW				
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3	Washington DC 20202				
4	US Attorney				
5	Attn: Civil Process Clerk 700 Stewart Street, Ste 5220 Seattle WA 98101-1271				
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7	Attorney General of the United States				
8	Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Room B103				
9	Washington, DC 20530-0001				
10	Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 7004(b)(4) and (5).				
11	1.4 This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter as an adversary proceeding under 11				
12	U.S.C §523(a) and 28 U.S.C. § 1334.				
13	1.5 This is a core proceeding. This is a proceeding in which the Court can enter a final				
14	judgment and over which the Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Stern v. Marshall, 564 U.S. 293,				
15	131 S.tc. 2594 (2011).				
16	2. ACTIONS GIVING RISE TO THE CLAIM				
17	2.1 The Plaintiff attended Griffin Business College ("Griffin") for several semesters				
18	beginning in 1088. Griffin was a struggling for profit school that closed permanently in 1003, in				
19	the wake of lawsuits by multiple former students, who alleged they were harmed by Griffin's				
20	practices.				
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22	2.2 The Plaintiff enrolled at Griffin based on representations by admissions officers that she				
23	could earn a Bachelor's degree from the school.				
24	2.3 The Plaintiff was unable to earn a Bachelor's degree because the school closed.				
25	2.4 In the course of pursuing her studies, the Plaintiff was induced to take student loans to pay				
26	for her attendance and expenses. According to records available at www.studentaid.gov , \$18,95				
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was disbursed to her. The loans taken to attend Griffin Business College are numbered 1 through 6, and shown in **bold** in the table following paragraph 12, below.

- 2.5 Records available at www.studentaid.gov indicate that the US Department of Education attributes to the debtor a currently owed debt of \$78,715, all tracing to \$18,955 disbursed between 1988 and 1991. The balance is now held in the form of a Direct Consolidation loan, which is in good standing.
- 2.6 Records available at www.studentaid.gov show original disbursements and current balances as follows, ordered below by dates of disbursement.

	Date	Loan type	Disbursed amt.	Balance
1	5/31/1988	FFELP Stafford Subsidized	\$2,625	\$0*
2	1/4/1989	Supplemental Loan (SLS)	\$2,085	\$0*
3	2/14/1989	FFELP Stafford Subsidized	\$2,245	\$0*
4	1/8/1990	Supplemental Loan (SLS)	\$4,000	\$0*
5	2/18/1991	Supplemental Loan (SLS)	\$4,000	\$0*
6	2/28/1991	FFELP Stafford Subsidized	\$4,000	\$0*
7	5/6/1994	FFELP Consolidation	\$21,768	\$0*
8	11/4/1994	FFELP Consolidation	\$25,448	\$0*
9	1/12/1999	Direct Consolidation Unsubsidized	\$36,636	\$0*
10	6/22/2005	FFELP Consolidation	\$49,613	\$0*
11	1/13/2009	Direct Consolidation Unsubsidized	\$55,519	\$78,715

^{*}paid in full through consolidation

- 2.7 Ms. Dodson has worked in public service (government or non-profit employment) for the majority of her 30 year career.
- 2.8 In 2014, Ms. Dodson filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy protection and received a discharge. Her student loans were not discharged.

Source: www.studentaid.gov

2.09 Since entering repayment in the early 1990s, Ms. Dodson has made a good faith effort to repay the loans when and as she was able. When she was unable to afford payments, she was in frequent contact with her loan servicers.

- 2.10 At age 59, Ms. Dodson supports her two adult daughters, who are both getting on their feet financially, and her granddaughter. She has meager retirement savings and no significant assets.
- 2.11 Ms. Dodson has worked full time for the Renton School District since 2020. Recently, she has held a second job as a care provider to make ends meet. In the long term, she will not be able to maintain a part time job, in addition to a full time job.
- 2.12 Ms. Dodson uses her best effort to minimize her expenses. She minimizes entertainment and transportation expenses, and she avoids expensive habits or pastimes. She cuts coupons for groceries and even restricts her food intake to stretch the family food budget.
- 2.13 Despite maximizing her income and minimizing her expenses, Ms. Dodson is currently unable to repay her student loans without undue hardship to herself and her dependents, given her income and family responsibilities. She is not able to make meaningful payments on her federal student loan balance while maintaining a minimal standard of living.
- 2.14 Ms. Dodson will not be able to repay her student loans in the future without undue hardship to herself and her dependents, given her employment prospects, age, health, and family responsibilities. Repayment of the balance over an extended period would result in undue hardship after retirement.
- 2.15 The Plaintiff has carried the debt taken to attend a failed school for over thirty years. It would be a grave injustice to require her to pay another \$78,715, plus interest, on this debt.
- 2.16 The above indicates that Ms. Zena Dodson is entitled to a total hardship discharge pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §523(a)(8). She has met all of the elements of the applicable legal standard, and is eligible for relief in light of applicable statute and case law.

1	3. PRAYER FOR RELIEF
2	THEREFORE, Plaintiff Zena Dodson requests the following:
3 4	3.1 That the Court enter an Order declaring her student loans discharged, in their entirety, in
5	this bankruptcy case.
6	3.2 For other such relief as this Court deems fit.
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8 9	DATED this 17 th day of October, 2022.
0	Latife Neu, Attorney at Law PLLC
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12	By: <u>/s/ Latife H. Neu</u> Latife H. Neu, WSBA #33144 Attorney for Debtor/Plaintiff Zena Dodson
13	Attorney for Deotor/Framum Zena Dodson
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